James Logan's

Numb. 488.

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

FROM APRIL 13. TO APRIL 20. 1738.

PETERSBURGH Decem. 10

THE Court has receiv'd from Oczakow, the Courier by which she expected the Particulars of the Raising the Siege of that Place; and according to what we already hear of that Event, there are but few Examples of more vigorous and at the same time vainer Assaults, than those which the Turks gave to Oczakow. During 48 Hours, they made the utmost Efforts to pass the Town-Ditch, under a terrible Fire from their Cannon and Mortars, some with Fascines, others with Floats of Timber, and a great Number by Swimming. The Russian Garrison, who made a continual Fire of their Artillery and small Arms, the Muzzles of their Pieces almost at the very Noses of their Enemies, made such a Slaughter of the Turks, that their Seraskier not being willing to run the Hazard of losing the Remainder of the Troops under his Command, gave the Signal for Retreating, which was perform'd with great Precipitation and Confusion. The Russians seeing the Turks abandon their Enterprize, sallied out of the Town, and fell upon their Rear Guard, where they made several Prisoners. The found in the Enemy's Camp, 18 Mortars, 36 Pieces of heavy Cannon from 30 to 36 Pounders, several Field Pieces and Patteraroes, and a considerable Quantity of Ammunition; besides which, the Number of Men the Turks lost in this Siege is computed at 10,000. As the abandoning this Enterprize procures the Crown of Russia as much Advantage as she could have reaped by the compleatest Victory, a Resolution has been taken to cause a solemn *Te Deum* to be sung here, and in all the other Cities of the Empire, in Thanksgiving for it. When the Turkish Bashaw who is Prisoner here, was acquainted with the Raising of that Siege, he seem'd but little surpriz'd at it, and said, *Since the Russians took our Town in three Days, I don't wonder that in less than a Month they have obliged our Army to run away*; after which the Bashaw added, *That the Raising the Siege of Oczakow would cost the Heads of a great many Officers of that Body of Troops employ'd to retake it.* The Turks threatening to come before that Place a second Time, and the Court having determin'd to send Orders to the Veldt Marshal Count de Munich to march thither seven Regiments, in order to reinforce the Garrison, we expect soon to hear of their Arrival there.

Petersburg, Dec. 14. An Express arrived here from General Stoffelen on the 12th Instant, who has brought a very ample and exact Journal of every thing that pass'd during the Siege of Oczakow; in which we find, among other Things, 'That the Ottoman Army consisted of '50,000 Turks, and 70,000 Tartars, making 120,000 'in the whole: That the Port gave a Bounty of 15 Gold 'Ducats to each Turk, as Encouragement Money before 'the Siege, with a promise of double that Sum, by way 'of Gratification, if they took Oczakow. That the Enemy made 7000 Cannon Shot against the Town, and 'threw 3652 Bombs into it, without so much as burning 'one House: That a Party of 50 Turks threw themselves 'into the Water, and got into the Town by Liman Gate, 'which was left open, where they began to cry Victory, 'but were soon made very quiet by a Party of Russians 'that immediately ran to the Place where the Noise was, 'and put them all to the Sword, without sparing a Man 'of them. That as yet the Commandant did not justly 'know the Number of Dead among the Infidels, but that 'he had already caus'd above 3000 of them to be interr'd: 'That the Russians had but 300 Men kill'd, and 700 'wounded: That the Garrison, which had no Rest either Night or Day, begg'd of the Commandant not to 'make any Articles whatever with the Enemy, every Soldier being resolutely determin'd to die with his Sword in 'Hand in defence of the Place, rather than yield to the 'Infidels: And that the Commandant, charm'd with that 'Courage and Resolution, had ordered several Trenches 'to be made within the Walls, with a Design to defend 'himself to the last Extremity, in case the Enemy had not 'retreated, &c.

This Day the Court receiv'd Letters from Moldavia, with Advice, that the Frost having surpriz'd the Turks in their Retreat from Oczakow, the greatest Part of the wounded Men died immediately: that they computed their Loss in this inglorious Expedition, to amount to above 20,000 Turks; and that the Consternation among the Infidels was inexpressible.

Letters from Nimirow also say, the Turkish Army suffer'd prodigiously in its Retreat from Oczakow, and appear'd in a most wretched Condition at its Arrival at Bender. The Infidels do not in the least dissemble their Loss at Oczakow; and as much puff'd up as they were before that Siege, by the Misfortunes of the Imperialists in Hungary, they are now quite as much dejected; their Pride is fallen, and, to add to their Misfortues, the Plague has broke out among their Troops.

PARIS, Dec. 30. We have a Letter here from Bassora, on the Gulf of Persia, dated in August last, importing that Thamas Kouli Kan, who was besieging the Capital City of the Province of Candahar, had been assassinated there by one of his Servants, who was corrupted to perform that perfidious Action by the opposite Party, they being resolv'd to restore the Throne of Persia to a Sprig of the Sophies of the Royal Branch. If this News is confirm'd, it will, in all Appearance, cause great Alterations in Persia.

LONDON, Decemb. 24. On Saturday Night last the Wind being excessive high, several Boats were cast away, and many Persons drown'd.

Great Damage was likewise done amongst the Lighters, &c. many of which were drove from their Moorings.

Several Trees were blown up by the Roots, and also divers Stacks of Chimnies were blown down in Westminster and Parts adjacent.

They write from Berlin, that the King of Prussia has order'd that the Mourning for Her late Majesty Queen Caroline

Caroline ſhall not only be wore there, but likewiſe in all the other Cities in his Dominions.

Laſt Saturday Morning Capt. Fanſhaw, in his Majeſty's Ship the Phœnix, with three Tranſports under his Convoy, with Part of General Oglethorpe's Regiment, their Wives and Children, for Georgia, ſail'd from the Nore, and General Oglethorp return'd to Graveſend from on board, where he had been to ſee that the Men were taken care of, and proper Proviſion made for preſerving their Healths: He hath given them, above the King's Allowance, Potatoes once a Week, to prevent the Scurvy in the Voyage, alſo Vinegar to waſh the Cabbins with, and Butter, Sugar and Flour for the Children under two years old: He enquir'd into ſeveral Complaints made concerning their Proviſions, diſcharg'd ſome Men that were unfit for Service, and ſent up three that were ſick to London to be taken care of.

The City Workmen are now very buſy in carrying away all the old Stuff that was taken from the Stalls which were pull'd down in Stocks-Market, and clearing the Square the Market was kept on, in order to mark out the Ground for building a Manſion-Houſe for the Lord Mayor. It is a ſpacious Quadrangle, and there is full room for a grand Edifice.

Yeſterday 7-Night in the Evening a great Number of Pickpockets aſſembled themſelves in Company about the Shops of the two great Paſtry Cooks in Cornhill, and as ſeveral Perſons were paſſing by them, they openly robb'd them, ſome of them taking and holding them faſt, whilſt others took their Watches and Money; particularly Mr. Osborne, one of the Porters to the Bank of England, was catch'd about the Middle and lifted up while his Watch was taken out of his Fob and a Silk Handkerchief out of his Pocket. They ſwore all the Time, that if any Perſon offer'd to meddle with any one of them, they would immediately kill him.

Yeſterday his Excellency Horatio Walpole, Eſq; arriv'd here from Holland.

Yeſterday a great Cauſe was tried in the Court of King's-Bench, Weſtminſter, before the Lord Chief Juſtice Lee, by a Special Jury, wherein a Baronet of the County of Devon, was Plaintiff, and a noble Lord Defendant. The Action was laid for 20000 l. for Criminal Converſation with the Plantiff's Wife; when after a Hearing that laſted 12 Hours, the Jury brought in a Verdict for the Plantiff, and 5000 l. Damages.

An Extract of a private Letter from Holland.

We hear that the Court of Great Britain is determined to be no longer cajol'd by the Proteſtations of the Spaniſh Miniſters, who have given repeated Aſſurances to that Court, that his Catholick Majeſty was highly wrong'd and injur'd, in having any Deſigns of quarrelling with Great Britain imputed to him, ſeeing he was poſitively reſolv'd to ſacrifice every Thing to promote the Continuation of the Friendſhip and good Underſtanding with his Britannick Majeſty: Though at the ſame Time that theſe Proteſtations were making, the Britiſh Subjects were ſuffering the greateſt Injuries, through the Depredations made by the Spaniſh Privateers: The Britiſh Court is therefore determin'd to enter into vigorous Reſolutions thereupon. The States-General ſeem to have met with much the ſame Treatment from France, whoſe Ambaſſador diverts and amuſes them with fair Speeches and ſpecious Pretenſions.

Mr. Thomas Morſe, at his Farm at Stoke under Hampton in Somerſetſhire, had lately a monſtrous Lamb come from a Sheep, with two Bodies, eight Legs, two Tails, one Head, four long Ears, four Eyes, two Mouths, two Tongues in each, two Breaſts, which, with the two Fronts of the Head, are reverſe from the two Bodies, one ſide of the Face repreſenting that of a Hare, and the other of a Rabbit. It is now ſhewn in Briſtol.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Lord Delawar, was preſented at the Head of the firſt Troop of Life-Guards in Hyde Park as their Colonel, in the room of his Grace the Duke of Montagu.

On Wedneſday laſt 3000 Quarters of Wheat were ſhipp'd for Spain and Portugal. There is ſo great a Demand for this Commodity from abroad, that the Price of it continues very high.

An Extract of a Letter from Holland.

The preſſing Inſtances of Mr. Walpole with the States General, to engage them to make a common Cauſe with the Court of Great Britain in reſenting the Depredations of the Spaniards in America, have at laſt produced this Effect, that a Conference has been held by the Deputies of their High-Mightineſſes with the Marquis de St. Gilies, and Orders are ſent to the Secretary of the Ambaſſy at Madrid, to make freſh Remonſtrances to his Catholick Majeſty upon the Conſequences that muſt neceſſarily follow, if his Majeſty does not immediately give Orders to prevent ſuch Practices for the future. We are aſſur'd that the Zealanders, through the Addreſs of this Ambaſſador, and the prevalent Reaſons which he has made uſe of on this Occaſion, have reſolv'd to make Repriſals on the Spaniards; and in order thereunto, to fit out four Ships to ſend to the American Seas. In Conſequence of their Reſolution, they have order'd 3000 Cutlaſſes to be bought at Amſterdam, for the Service of thoſe that are to man theſe Veſſels.

From Vienna: It ſeems very likely, that if the Emperor be oblig'd to continue the War againſt the Turks another Year, his Imperial Majeſty will be ſufficiently ſupplied in the ſupport of it. He will not only be aided with Succours of Troops from ſeveral States of the Empire, but moſt of the Imperial Towns will furniſh him with large Sums.

From Dantzick, that the Intereſt of the Proteſtants in Poland will be ſtrongly ſupported at the approaching Diet; and the more ſo, not only as the Kings of Sweden and Denmark, and the other Proteſtant Powers, are reſolved to beſtir themſelves in their Favour; but likewiſe, that the Court of Ruſſia deſigns to ſend a Miniſter to Warſaw, to act in Concert with theſe Powers, in order to obtain, that the People of that Perſuaſion may enjoy the free Exerciſe of their Religion, conformable to the Treaty of Oliva.

From Hannover, that a Courier, lately arriv'd from London, has brought Orders for 7 or 8000 Men of the Troops of this Electorate to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march. It's thought they are intended for the Service of the Emperor, in caſe the War with the Turks continues.

On Friday Morning ſeveral homeward-bound Ships lying in Margate-Road, were, by the Violence of the Wind, drove aſhore. The James River, Capt. Bell, from Virginia, run upon a Sand, and ſunk immediately: The Capt. and Crew happily ſav'd themſelves, but the Cargo is entirely loſt. And ſeveral others received conſiderable Damage.

BRISTOL, Jan. 7. From Poriſhead we have a very odd Account of an Affair which paſſed there for Witchcraft: One Flower, an old Taylor, noted for nurſing Pariſh Children for 18 *d.* per Week, and his Wife, have ſeverely felt the Effects of it; for at every inſtant either one or the other had a Bang on the Head, or ſome other part of the Body, with large Stones, Spoons, Knives, &c. and divers People who viſited the Houſe out of Curioſity, met with the ſame Treatment, and ſaw the Windows broke, but knew not by what Means; and ſuch was the Fear of many, that they thought it dangerous to enter the Houſe. At length a Gentlewoman of this City, who happen'd to be at a Gentleman's Seat near that Place, hearing of this reported by the Family where ſhe reſided, and putting no Faith in ſuch Stories, reſolved, like the reſt, to viſit the bewitched Houſe, and ſaw ſeveral Things flung about, but imperceivable from whence; and repeating her Viſit at length began to look with a ſuſpicious Eye on a little Girl of about 12 Years old, Grand-Daughter to the old People, who ſhe always perceiv'd placed herſelf in a Window behind wharever Perſons came into the Room, and ſhe receiving a Blow on the Arm with a Spoon, conjectured it muſt come from the Girl, and therefore immediately ſearch'd her, and to her Surprize found two Pockets full of large Pebble-Stones, &c. under her Petticoats, which ſhe artfully flung at convenient Opportunities, and carry'd this Subtilty ſo far, as to occaſion much Wonder that a little Witch ſo young could manage her Scheme ſo well to deceive a whole Pariſh; for beſides this, ſhe had a Knack in changing her Voice to ſeveral Tones. The Gentlewoman had the Thanks of the whole Pariſh for diſcovering this young Witch.

LON-

LONDON, Jan. 14. Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from France. They write from Genoa, that a Commissary and four Aid-Majors were arrived in that City from Antibes, to prepare all Things necessary for the French Troops, which are daily expected; and from thence they are to go to Corsica with the new Governor; but the seven Batallions of French Troops are not to pass over into the Island 'till every Thing is made ready for their Reception.

DUBLIN, Jan. 17. On Sunday was accidentally discover'd, in the Hollow of the Sand near Kilmainham Bridge, in the Passage to the Gallows, thirteen Foundling Infants, viz. three Males and ten Females, with the Work-House Mark and Number on their Arms, the Male mark'd and number'd between the Elbow and Wrist, and the Females between the Shoulder and Elbow. They were all buried in one Hole in the said Bank, several of them with Marks of Violence on them, as if murder'd, and most of them fresh, and lately laid there, except two or three who were putrify'd and corrupted. This is a Confirmation of what has been long talk'd of, that there was some extraordinary Male-Practice among the Nurses of these innocent Babes, several of whom have receiv'd Wages for nursing four, six or eight Children all at one Time by the same individual Woman, under different Names. Several of these Nurses lived in Thomas Court and the Allies belonging to it. Divers of them were taken up the same Night and Yesterday, and many of them are fled. It is most evident that they were buried by the same Person, because all laid in the same Hole; and it is fear'd that several others have buried in other Places, unknown as yet, and that this barbarous and inhumane Practice has been long carried on.

Jan. 25. 'Tis imagin'd by some, that there has not been such a Slaughter of Innocents since that of Herod, as that at the Poor-House; for the Number has not yet been yet found out. Who are accountable, or where the Neglect has been we cannot yet tell.

LONDON, Febr. 17. It was strongly reported yesterday upon the Royal Exchange, that the King of France was dead.

On Wednesday Commodore Brown, with four Men of War under his Command, sail'd from Spithead for the West Indies.

BOSTON, April 3.

A Paragraph of a Letter from Jamaica *to a Merchant of* Note *in this Town.*

Jamaica Feb. 13. 1737,8.

'We hear by a Letter from Capt. *Macclough* from *St. Jago De Cuba*, via *Carthagine*, to Mr. *Henry Crawford* of this Place, that he had been detained there three Weeks on Account of the Preparations made by the Spaniards in Order to take *Georgia* and *Carolina* this Spring, that 4000 Men are already arrived from old Spain, and that 6000 were every Day expected at the *Havannah* from *Mexico*. That they were supplied with Ships and Provisions by the *French*; the *French* having this last Year Exported from *Cork*, near 70,000 Barrels of Beef, which it's thought chiefly was design'd for this Expedition.

'The South-Sea Factors here have Letters from the other side, corroborating the same Thing, which Letters will this Day be communicated to the President.------ A Spanish Sloop is now in Port here under Pretence of being put in by Stress of Weather, but it is generally believed that She came in for Intelligence, who it is supposed will be Embargo'd here. The Kingsale Man of War, Capt. *Dent*, has been to the *Havannah* in order to demand the Ships that were lately taken by the Spaniards; he sent his Lieutenant Mr *Watson* on Shoar, who was immediately confin'd that Night, and the Boat's Crew sent on Board one of their Men of War, and the next Day he was sent with the Men on Board their own Ship. The Governor told him to depart immediately, that the Ships were Condemned, that he had a Master at Home to answer for his Conduct, that he would not return any of the Ships taken, and that he had given the King of Great Britain Credit for them. By which it's generally belived we speedily shall have hot Work.

'By Advices from Curacoa we hear that the Dutch had lately retaken one of their own Vessels, and burnt a Spanish Guarda De La Costa; two Sloops were lately fitted out there to Cruise on the Main, with Orders to destroy all that oppose them. A Man of War is now there, and another is daily expected. We believe this may be depended upon, as Mr. *Cox*, Factor at *St. Jago de Cuba* has fully wrote to the South Sea Agents here, confirming what Capt. *Maccolough* wrote Mr. *Crawford*.

Yesterday we had another Vessel from Jamaica, by which we hear, that an Embargo is actually laid upon all Vessels in that Island, on Account of the Danger they apprehend themselves in from the prodigious Preparations making by the Spaniards at the Havanna, where 'tis said they are collecting together a Body of Ten Thousand Men.

Custom-House, NEW-YORK, April 17. *Entred in.*

Pringle from Madeira, Weston from Barbadoes, Todd from Turks Island. *Entred out* Bosch, and Cannon for Boston, Gilbert for Bermuda, Keirsted for Jamaica, Arthur for St. Thomas, Pearse for Holland. *Cleared.* Gayton, Cornel, Griffith, and Bosch to Boston, Millikin to R Island, Bodin to S. Carolina, Tingly to Georgia, Allair to Antigua, Seymour to Barbadoes, Fowle to Jamaica.

PHILADELPHIA.

We hear from *Bybery*, that one Day last Week, *Walter Cornely*, had his Barn burnt down, with Wheat, &c. in it to the Value of about 50 l. It was occasion'd by a Man's emptying the Snuff of his Pipe among the Straw.

On Tuesday last, a Boat laden with Salt, Rum, Mellasses, &c. crossing the River, fill'd and sunk, by which Accident a Man was drown'd. Two others, on board at the same time, were saved by a Boat that went out to their Assistance.

Custom-House, PHILADELPHIA, *Entred In*

Brigt. Charming Molly, Thomas Barton, from Cork.
Sloop Dove, Peter Albony, from Bermuda.
Sloop St Andrew, Robert Minors, from Bermuda.
Sloop George, John Dickinson, from Bermuda.
Sloop Frances, John Morgan, from Bermuda.

Entred Out.

Sloop Seaflower, Thomas Coatam, for Curracoa.
Sloop Samuel & Sarah, William Boon, for Barbadoes.

Cleared.

Sloop Sarah, Ichabod Dimock, to Boston.
Sloop Nancy, Edward Lightwood, to South-Carolina.
Sloop Speedwell, Samuel Crow, to Rhode-Island.
Sloop Seaflower, Thomas Coatam, to Curacoa.

To the Man that mentioned me in his idle Paper,

THESE.

'THEE has taken the Freedom to publish to the World, that I am neither tall nor strait in Body. --- Friend, --- we neither made our own Bodies, nor can we mend them. But our bad Lives and Manners we *may* mend; and our foolish and ignorant Conduct and Behaviour we *may* mend; wherefore take it not amiss that I admonish *thee* a little.

'Thee, and every Man in *America*, is obliged to the Advocate of the *New-York* Printer, for the Pains he hath taken in defending that Liberty which thee thy self makes such large tho' ill Use of; and if wise Men in other Countries praise him therefor, this ought not to move thy Spleen against him. --- And it was *mean* in thee, to form a false *Craftsman*, and date it on the same Day with that which spoke his Praise; merely to make what was genuine appear an Imposition. --- And it was *wrong* in thee and thy Friends to take such Pains as ye have lately done, to spread about silly Books, said to come from *Barbadoes*, written against the *Liberty of the Press*, and against its Defender, for the Speeches he made at the Tryal of the said *New-York* Printer. --- And it was *imprudent* in thee, to say in thy last Paper, *That he is no Friend to that Liberty*; inasmuch as the said Tryal is a publick Proof of the contrary, which causes that no body will believe thee: And the little Notice he takes of thy many Abuses of him, must have convinc'd thee otherwise, so that thee cannot possibly believe thy self. --- And it was *foolish* in thee to call a Man *Hypocrite*, who is known to be of a quite contrary Character: Thy vain Desire of being thought learned, it's like, made thee pilfer so many Lines out of a Moral of one of *Esop*'s Fables, because there were some *Greek* Words among them; not regarding the Fable of the Crow dress'd in stolen Feathers, on the other Side the Leaf: Which same Vanity makes thee sometimes, as I am inform'd, read Latin Prayers from a Book, to be admired

'mired of the Ignorant. --- And it was *not well done* in 'thee, to call Men Sycophants, Flatterers, Tools and Mercenaries, who are utterly unknown to thee, and for aught 'thee knows, have ſpoken their Minds impartially and ſincerely. --- And now let me adviſe thee to regulate thy 'Diet, and live henceforth on the innocent Fruits of the 'Earth. --- Friend, --- clean Foods make a clean Body, 'which has a ſympathetic Effect upon the Mind: And I 'perceive by the many Impurities that flow from thee, 'that thee feeds foully. Indeed, by thy ſpitting Venom 'round thee, by thy being ſwollen black with Envy, and 'by the low groveling dirty Malice that appears in all thy 'Papers, I do ſtrongly ſuſpect thee has eaten Toads lately.

'*Fare thee well.*

RUN away on the 14th of *March* paſt, from *David Niven* of *Mill-Creek* Hundred in *New-Caſtle* County, an Iriſh Servant Woman, named *Mary Aloan*, aged about 26 Years, ſhort and well-ſet, of a ſwarthy Complexion, ſomething long-viſag'd, with grey Eyes: Had on when ſhe went away, a new linſey Gown ſtrip'd with black, blue, and white Stripes, a blue Apron, new Shoes and Stockings, Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that ſhe may be had again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by *David Niven.*

THE Subſcribers to the Library in *Philadelphia*, are advertiſed, that Monday the firſt of *May* enſuing, at Two in the Afternoon, is the Time appointed for the Company's Choice of Directors and a Treaſurer for the ſucceeding Year, and making the 6th annual Payment, at the Houſe of *John Roberts* in *High-Street.*

Joſeph Breintnall, Secr.

RUN away on the 18th Inſt. from *Amos Strickland*, of *Newtown* in *Bucks* County, a Negro Man, named *Charles*, aged about 24 Years, of middle Stature, well ſet, does not talk good *Engliſh*, on one of his Ancles is a large Scar, and his Feet having been frozen he walks a little crippling: Had on an old Caſtor Hat, a linnen Cap with a Callico Border, a dirty-colour'd Kerſey Jacket, Leather Breeches ſtitch'd with 3 Seams along the Knees, a homeſpun Shirt, yarn Stockings footed, ſtrong Shoes with Hobnails in them. He pretends to be a Tanner.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Negro, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by *Amos Strickland.*

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN Lot of Ground in Front-Street, *near the Bank Meeting-Houſe; containing in Breadth* 20 *Feet, in Length* 130 *Feet, Bounded Eaſtward with* Front-Street *in* Philadelphia, *Southward with* 5 *Foot of Ground, left open for an Alley or Paſſage for the uſe of the ſaid Lot, Weſtward with Part of* Paul Preſton's *Lot, and Northward with a Lot now of* Iſaac Norris's; *together with two Meſſuages, very convenient to the ſame.*

Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe may enquire of WILLIAM CATHCART *or* NICHOLAS CASTLE.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Brigt. Charming Sally,

A PARCEL of Likely SERVANTS,

Men and Women, whoſe Times are to be diſpos'd of reaſonably, by John Mathers *at* Cheſter, *and by* Robert Barton, *oppoſite to the Poſt-Office in* Philadelphia; *at both which Places a conſiderable Number of the ſaid Servants are to be Seen.*

*** Note, *There are alſo come in the ſame Veſſel on Redemption,* 5 *Forgemen,* 4 *Finers, and* 1 *Hammerman. Any Perſon enclining to engage ſuch Workmen, may treat with the Perſons abovemention'd, and agree on reaſonable Terms.*

CHOICE *LINSEED OYL*, To be Sold by *William Parſons*, in *Second-Street*, and by the Printer hereof.

For *LONDON*,

The Ship Agnus & Betty, JOHN BRAME, *Commander:*

WILL Sail with all Expedition, having the greateſt part of her Loading already engaged. For Freight or Paſſage agree with ſaid Maſter, on Board his Ship at Fiſhbourn's *Wharffe, or at his Store on* Bickley's *Wharffe.*

For *CAPE-FEAR*, directly,

THE Scooner *Good-Intent*, *William Rigby*, Maſter. Will Sail in about a Months Time.

For Freight or Paſſage, agree with *David Bevan*, or the Maſter, at Mr. *Robert Davis*, at the Queen's Head in *Water-Street, Philadelphia.*

Philad. April 11. 1738.

For BARBADOES directly,

The Sloop *Martha* and *Mary*, *Samuel Cooper*, Maſter,

WILL Sail in about Fifteen Days, good Part of her Lading being already engag'd.

For Freight or Paſſage agree with ſaid Maſter on board the ſaid Sloop now lying at *Fiſhbourn's* Wharff.

Philad. April 12. 1738.

To be SOLD by the Printer hereof.

A Brief Narrative of the CASE and TRYAL of *John Peter Zenger*, Printer of the *New-York Weekly Journal.* Price 2 s. 6 d.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY Bermudian *Negroe Woman aged abont* 24 *Years, fit for Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the Printer hereof.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to Robert Bolton *late of the City of* Philadelphia, *but now of the Province of* Maryland, *Mercht. that they ſpeedily repair to* John Roſs *of* Philadelphia, *Attorney at Law (who is fully impowered by Mr.* Bolton *to collect, receive, ſue for, and diſcharge the ſame) and make Payment; otherwiſe they may expect to be Proſecuted as the Law directs.*

April 5. 1738. Robert Bolton.

VERY GOOD LAMPBLACK,

made and Sold by the Printer hereof.

Juſt IMPORTED,

And to be Sold on very reaſonable Terms, by *William Reed*, at his Store in *Thomas Maſters's* Corner Houſe, in *Market-Street*:

ENGLISH, Iriſh and Ruſſia Duck, Garlix, coarſe ſheeting, Cotton Hankerchiefs, colour'd Thread, Gartering, Women's beſt Engliſh Lambskin Gloves, a large ſteel'd Malt Mill, 4 penny, 8 penny and 10 penny Nails, all Sorts of Brads, black Tacks, Shot No. 3 and 4, braſs Kettles, ditto Candleſticks, ditto Coat and Waiſtcoat Buttons, beſt white bath-metal ditto, fine Cocoa and maple haft Caſe Knives, Buck and black Horn handle Claſp and Penknives, Taylors Sheers, Scizzars, Razors, Plain-Irons, two foot Rules with Braſſes, double ſpring Iron and Japan rimb locks, black Padlocks, with ſundry other Sorts of hard Ware. Alſo a fine black Walnut Writing Desk and Book Caſe, walnut and maple fram'd Chairs with red and black leather Seats, common ruſh-bottom'd ditto, Alabaſter Punch Bowls, Tobacco Pipes, Rhode-Iſland diſtill'd Rum, and a choice ſtrong black Horſe of good Gates and Carriage, about 14 hands and a half high, fit for Man or Woman, and draws well in a Chaiſe, alſo choice Sperma Cetæ Whalebone and Oil.

N. B. *Whereas in this Paper* No 486 *and* 487, *there was advertiſed,* Women's beſt Genoa Gloves, *to be ſold by* William Reed; *this is to certify that the ſame was a Miſtake, being Engliſh Lambskin Gloves, as in the above Advertiſement.* W. Reed.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where *Advertiſements* are taken in, and *Book-Binding* is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.